Air conditioner **Installation Instruction**





* illustration only

CS/CU-HZ9BWA MODEL NO: CS/CU-HZ12BWA CS/CU-HZ18BWA

CAUTION

REFRIGERANT

THIS PRODUCT MUST ONLY BE INSTALLED OR SERVICED BY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL.

Refer to National, State, Territory and local legislation, regulations, codes, installation & operation manuals, before the installation, maintenance and/or service of this product.

Explanation of symbols displayed on the indoor unit or outdoor unit.

	WARNING	This symbol shows that this equipment uses a low flammability refrigerant. If the refrigerant is leaked, together with an external ignition source, there is a possibility of ignition.
	CAUTION	This symbol shows that the Installation Manual should be read carefully.
,	CAUTION	This symbol shows that a service personnel should be handling this equipment with reference to the Installation Manual.
ρ.	CALITION	This symbol shows that there is information

2-10. Checks to electrical devices

- Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures Initial safety checks shall include but not limit to: That capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking.
- That there is no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system
- That there is continuity of earth bonding.

 At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed.

 If in doubt consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.

 If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily

- If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be
- The owner of the equipment must be informed or reported so all parties are advised thereinafter

- During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior
- If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of
- leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.

 Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components, the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected. This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc.
- Ensure that apparatus is mounted securely. Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded such that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress
- placement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

The use of silicon sealant may inhibit the effectiveness of some types of leak detection equipment
 Intrinsically safe components do not have to be isolated prior to working on them.

4. Repair to intrinsically safe components

- Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the
- permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use.
 Intrinsically safe components are the only types that can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere
 The test apparatus shall be at the correct rating.
 Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Unspecified parts by manufacturer may result ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak.

Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects.

The check shall also take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans

- Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching or detection of refrigerant leaks.
- A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used. The following leak detection methods are deemed acceptable for all refrigerant systems
- No leaks shall be detected when using detection equipment with a sensitivity of 5 grams per year of refrigerant or better under a pressure of at least 0,25 times the maximum allowable pressure (>1.04MPa, max 4.15MPa) for example, a universal sniffer.
 Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect flammable refrigerants, but the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-
- calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.)
- Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used
 - Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employ and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed.
 - Leak detection fluids are also suitable for use with most refrigerants, for example, bubble method and fluorescent method agents. The use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work.
 - If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished.
 - If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak. The precautions in #7 must be followed to remove the refrigerant.

- When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs or for any other purpose conventional procedures shall be used. However, it is important that best practice is followed since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to: remove refrigerant -> • purge the circuit with inert gas -> • evacuate -> • purge with inert gas -> • open the circuit by cutting or brazing
- The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders

- The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders.
 The system shall be purged with OFN to render the appliance safe. (remark: OFN = oxygen free nitrogen, type of inert gas)
 This process may need to be repeated several times.
 Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for this task.
 Purging shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with OFN and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum.
 This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system.
 When the final OFN charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place.
- This operation is absolutely vital if brazing operations on the pipe work are to take place. Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any potential ignition sources and there is ventilation available.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Read the following "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" carefully before installation.
 Electrical work must be installed by a licensed electrician. Be sure to use the correct rating of the power plug and main circuit for the
- model to be installed.

 The caution items stated here must be followed because these important contents are related to safety. The meaning of each

 The caution items stated here must be followed because these important contents are related to safety. The meaning of each

	following indications.	ning of the instruct	ion will cause	nami or damage, and the senousness	
⚠ WARNING	This indication shows the possibility of causing death or serious injury.	The items to be followed are	0	Symbol with white background denotes item that is PROHIBITED.	
⚠ CAUTION	This indication shows the possibility of causing injury or damage to properties only.	classified by symbols:	0 0	Symbol with dark background denotes item that must be carried out.	
Carry out test rupping to confirm that no abnormality occurs after the installation. Then, explain to user the operation, care and					

 Carry out test running to confirm that no abnormality occurs after the installation. I nen, explain to user the operation, care
maintenance as stated in instructions. Please remind the customer to keep the operating instructions for future reference. If the equipment is transferred to a new user or delivered to a recycling plant, be sure also to hand over the manual.

⚠ WARNING

- Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer. Any unfit method or using incompatible material may cause product damage, burst and serious injury.
- Do not install outdoor unit near handrail of veranda. When installing air-conditioner unit on veranda of a high rise building, child may climb up to outdoor unit and cross over the handrail causing an accident.
- Do not use unspecified cord, modified cord, joint cord or extension cord for power supply cord. Do not share the single outlet with other electrical appliances. Poor contact, poor insulation or over current will cause électrical shock or fire
- Do not tie up the power supply cord into a bundle by band.
- Abnormal temperature rise on power supply cord may happen • Do not insert your fingers or other objects into the unit, high speed rotating fan may cause injury.
- Do not sit or step on the unit you may fall down accidentally Do not sit or step on the unit, you may fall down accidentally.

 Keep plastic bag (packaging material) away from small children, it may cling to nose and mouth and prevent breathing.
- When installing or relocating air conditioner, do not let any substance other than the specified refrigerant, eg. air etc mix into refrigeration cycle (piping). Mixing of air etc. will cause abnormal high pressure in refrigeration cycle and result in explosion, injury etc.
- Do not pierce or burn as the appliance is pressurized. Do not expose the appliance to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Else, it may explode and cause injury or death.
- Do not add or replace refrigerant other than specified type. It may cause product damage, burst and injury etc. For R32/R410A model, use piping, flare nut and tools which is specified for R32/R410A refrigerant. Using of existing (R22) piping, flare nut and tools may cause abnormally high pressure in the refrigerant cycle (piping), and possibly result in explosion
- and injury.
 For R32 and R410A, the same flare nut on the outdoor unit side and pipe can be used.
- Since the working pressure for R32/R410A is higher than that of refrigerant R22 model, replacing conventional piping and flare nuts on the outdoor unit side are recommended.
- If reuse piping is unavoidable, refer to instruction "IN CASE OF REUSING EXISTING REFRIGERANT PIPING"
- Thickness of copper pipes used with R32/R410A must be more than 0.8 mm. Never use copper pipes thinner than 0.8 mm.
- It is desirable that the amount of residual oil less than 40 mg/10 m. Engage authorized dealer or specialist for installation.
 If installation done by the user is incorrect, it will cause water leakage, electrical shock or fire.
- For refrigeration system work, install according to this installation instructions strictly. If installation is defective, it will cause water leakage, electrical shock or fire. Use the attached accessories parts and specified parts for installation. Otherwise, it will cause the set to fall, water leakage,
- fire or electrical shock. Install at a strong and firm location which is able to withstand weight of the set. If the strength is not enough or installation is not properly done, the set will drop and cause injury.
- For electrical work, follow the national regulation, legislation and this installation instructions. An independent circuit and single outlet must be used. If electrical circuit capacity is not enough or defect found in the electrical work, it will cause electrical shock or fire.
- Do not use joint cable for indoor / outdoor connection cable. Use the specified indoor/outdoor connection cable, refer to instruction (5) CONNECT THE CABLE TO THE INDOOR UNIT and connect tightly for indoor/outdoor connection. Clamp the cable so that no external force will have impact on the terminal. If connection or fixing is not perfect, it will cause heat up or fire at the connection.
- Wire routing must be properly arranged so that control board cover is fixed properly. If control board cover is not fixed perfectly, it will cause fire or electrical shock.

 This equipment is strongly recommended to be installed with Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker (ELCB) or Residual Current Device (RCD), with sensitivity of 30 mA at 0.1 sec or less. Otherwise, it may cause electrical shock and fire in case of
- equipment breakdown or insulation breakdown
- During installation, install the refrigerant piping properly before running the compressor. Operation of compressor without fixing refrigeration piping and valves at opened position will cause suck-in of air, abnormal high pressure in refrigeration cycle and result in explosion, injury etc.
- During pump down operation, stop the compressor before removing the refrigeration piping. Removal of refrigeration piping
 while compressor is operating and valves are opened will cause suck-in of air, abnormal high pressure in refrigeration cycle
 and result in explosion, injury etc.
- Tighten the flare nut with torque wrench according to specified method. If the flare nut is over-tightened, after a long period, the flare may break and cause refrigerant gas leakage.
 After completion of installation, confirm there is no leakage of refrigerant gas. It may generate toxic gas when the refrigerant
- Ventilate if there is refrigerant gas leakage during operation. It may cause toxic gas when the refrigerant contacts with fire.
- Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odou

8. Charging procedures

- In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed.

 Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment.

 Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimize the amount of refrigerant contained in them.

- Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimize the amount of retrigerant contained in them.
 Cylinders shall be kept in an appropriate position according to the instructions.
 Ensure that the refrigerating system is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant.
 Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
 Extreme care shall be taken not to over fill the refrigerating system.
 Prior to recharging the system it shall be pressure tested with OFN (refer to #7).
 The system shall be leak tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning.
 A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.
 Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when charging and discharging the refrigerant.
 To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before charging/discharging.

- Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its details.
 It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely.
 Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of
- recovered refrigerant.

 It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.

 a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
- b) Isolate system electrically.
 c) Before attempting the procedure ensure that:
 - mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
 all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
 - the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards
-) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.
) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system. Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.

- Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.)

 Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with instructions.

 Do not over fill cylinders. (No more than 80 % volume liquid charge).

 Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.

 When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
- k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigerating system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

 Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when charging or discharging the refrigerant.

 To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before charging/discharging.

0. Labelling

• Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed.
Ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

- When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely.

 When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed.

 Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge are available.

 All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant).
- the recovery of refrigerant).

 Cylinders shall be complete with pressure relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order.

 Recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.

 The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand
- and shall be suitable for the recovery of concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of
- Inaufritative l'anigeratis.

 In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order.

 Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition.

 Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release.
- he recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant Waste
- Transfer Note arranged.

 Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders. If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant.
- The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

This equipment must be properly earthed. Earth line must not be connected to gas pipe, water pipe, earth of lightning rod and

♠ CAUTION

- Do not install the unit in a place where leakage of flammable gas may occur. In case gas leaks and accumulates at
- Prevent liquid or vapor from entering sumps or sewers since vapor is heavier than air and may form suffocating atmospheres. Do not release refrigerant during piping work for installation, re-installation and during repairing refrigeration parts. Take care of the liquid refrigerant, it may cause frostbite.
- Do not install this appliance in a laundry room or other location where water may drip from the ceiling, etc.
- Do not touch the sharp aluminium fin, sharp parts may cause injury.
- Carry out drainage piping as mentioned in installation instructions
- If drainage is not perfect, water may enter the room and damage the furniture. Select an installation location which is easy for maintenance. Incorrect installation, service or repair of this air conditioner may increase the risk of rupture and this may result in loss damage or injury and/or property
- Power supply connection to the room air conditioner.

 Use power supply cord 4 x 1.5 mm² (1.0 ~ 1.5HP) \(\times 4 \times 1.5 \text{ mm²} \) (2.0HP), type designation 60245 IEC 57 or heavier cord. Connect the power supply cord of the air conditioner to the mains using one of the following method. ower supply point should be in easily accessible place for power disconnection in case of emergency.
- In some countries, permanent connection of this air conditioner to the power supply is prohibited. 1) Power supply connection to the receptacle using power plug.

 Use an approved 15/16 A (1.0 ~ 1.5HP) or 16 A (2.0HP) power plug with earth pin for the connection to the socket.
-) Power supply connection to a circuit breaker for the permanent connection. Use an approved 16 A (1.0 ~ 2.0HP) circuit breaker for the permanent connection. It must be a double pole switch with a
 - Installation work. It may need two people to carry out the installation work
- Keep any required ventilation openings clear of obstruction.

PRECAUTION FOR USING R32 REFRIGERANT Pay careful attention to the following points and the installation work procedures

⚠ WARNING

- The appliance shall be stored, installed and operated in a well ventilated room with indoor floor area larger than $A_{\text{\tiny min}}$ (m²) [refer Table A] and without any continuously operating ignition source. Keep away from open flames, any operating gas appliances or any operating electric heater. Else, it may explode and cause injury or death.
- The mixing of different refrigerants within a system is prohibited. Models that use refrigerant R32 and R410A have a different charging port thread diameter to prevent erroneous charging with refrigerant R22 and for safety.

 Therefore, check beforehand. [The charging port thread diameter for R32 and R410A is 12.7 mm (1/2 inch).]
- Ensure that foreign matter (oil, water, etc.) does not enter the piping.

 Also, when storing the piping, securely seal the opening by pinching, taping, etc. (Handling of R32 is similar to R410A.)
- Operation, maintenance, repairing and refrigerant recovery should be carried out by trained and certified personnel in the use of flammable refrigerants and as recommended by the manufacturer. Any personnel conducting an operation, servicing or maintenance on a system or associated parts of the equipment should be trained and certified.
- Any part of refrigerating circuit (evaporators, air coolers, AHU, condensers or liquid receivers) or piping should not be located in the proximity of heat sources, open flames, operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater.

 The user/owner or their authorized representative shall regularly check the alarms, mechanical ventilation and detectors, at
- least once a year, where as required by national regulations, to ensure their correct functioning
- A logbook shall be maintained. The results of these checks shall be recorded in the logbook. In case of ventilations in occupied spaces shall be checked to confirm no obstruction
- Before a new refrigerating system is put into service, the person responsible for placing the system in operation should ensure that trained and certified operating personnel are instructed on the basis of the instruction manual about the construction, supervision, operation and maintenance of the refrigerating system, as well as the safety measures to be observed, and the properties and handling of the refrigerant used.

 The general requirement of trained and certified personnel are indicated as below:
- a) Knowledge of legislation, regulations and standards relating to flammable refrigerants; and,
 b) Detailed knowledge of and skills in handling flammable refrigerants, personal protective equipment, refrigerant leakage prevention handling of cylinders, charging, leak detection, recovery and disposal, and,
 c) Able to understand and to apply in practice the requirements in the national legislation, regulations and Standards; and,
 d) Continuously undergo regular and further training to maintain this expertise.
- Air-conditioner piping in the occupied space shall be installed in such a way to protect against accidental damage in operation Precautions shall be taken to avoid excessive vibration or pulsation to refrigerating piping.
- Ensure protection devices, refrigerating piping and fittings are well protected against adverse environmental effects (such as the danger of water collecting and freezing in relief pipes or the accumulation of dirt and debris).

 Expansion and contraction of long runs piping in refrigerating systems shall be designed and installed securely (mounted and
- guarded) to minimize the likelihood hydraulic shock damaging the system.

 Protect the refrigerating system from accidental rupture due to moving furniture or reconstruction activities To ensure no leaking, field-made refrigerant joints indoors shall be tightness tested. The test method shall have a sensitivity of 5 grams per year of refrigerant or better under a pressure of at least 0,25 times the maximum allowable pressure (>1.04MPa, max 4.15MPa). No leak shall be detected.

Required tools for Installation Works 11 Thermometer 18 Nem (1.8 kgfem) 2 Level gauge 7 Reamer 12 Megameter 3 Electric drill, hole core drill (ø70 mm) 8 Knife 13 Multimeter 55 Nem (5.6 kgfem)

10 Measuring tape

9 Gas leak detector 14 Vacuum pump

15 Gauge manifold

Attached accessories

5 Spanner

4 Hexagonal wrench (4 mm)

No.	Accessories part	Qty.
1	Installation platae	1
2	Remote Control Remote Control holder	1
3	Remote Control holder fixing screw	2
4	Battery	2
(5)	Installation platae fixing screw Us 28mm	8
6	Band	2

Outdoor unit pa	ckaging accessories	;	
No.	Accessories part	Qty.	
9	L-shaped piece	2or4(For HZ12/18***)	
10	Taptite screw(M5)	4	
11)	Drain pan tray	1	
12	Screw	2	
(3)	Band(For HZ12/18***)	1	
14	Rubber pad	2	
	24.4 -41-1	4	

_	SELECT THE BEST LOCATION				
L	INDOOR UNIT	OUTDOOR UNIT			
	Do not install the unit in excessive oil fume area such as kitchen, workshop and etc. There should not be any heat source or steam near the unit. There should not be any obstacles blocking the air circulation.	☐ If an awning is built over the unit to prevent direct sunlight or rain, be careful that heat radiation from the condenser is not obstructed. ☐ There should not be any animal or plant which could be affected.			

- A place where air circulation in the room is good. A place where drainage can be easily done. ☐ A place where noise prevention is taken into consideration
- Do not install the unit near the door way Ensure the spaces indicated by arrows from the wall, ceiling
- Indoor unit of this air conditioner shall be installed in a height

(1/4")

Table A

9.52 mm

(3/8")

Example: For HZ9*** If the unit is installed at 10 m distance. the quantity of additional refrigerant should be

2.0HP

(*)=> Systems with total refrigerant charge, mc lower than 1.84 kg are not subjected to any room area

65 N•m (6.6 kgf•m)

100 Nem (10.2 kgfem)

- by hot air discharged. Keep the spaces indicated by arrows from wall, ceiling, fence or other obstacles.
- Do not place any obstacles which may cause a short circuit of the discharged air. If piping length is over the [piping length for additional gas
- additional refrigerant should be added as shown in the (Table A)
- 0.785 0.965

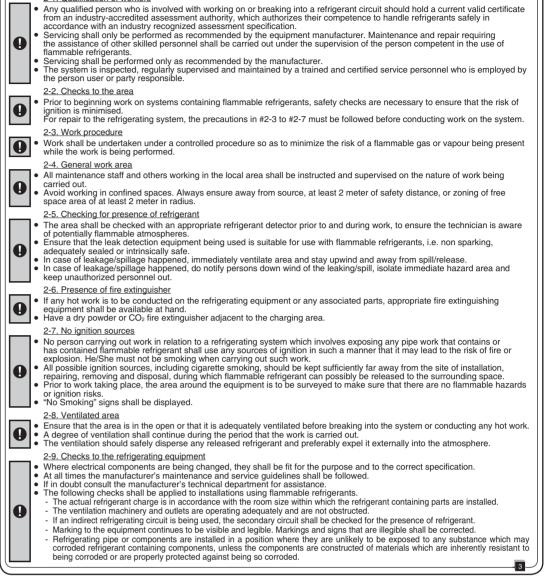
A_{min} = Required minimum room area, in m²

factor margin formula below

- => 10 m (distance) 7.5 m (piping length for additional gas) m_c = Refrigerant charge in appliance, in kg LFL = Lower flammability limit (0.307 kg/m³) => 2.5 m x 10 g/m (additional Refrigerant) => 25 g = Installation height of the appliance : (1.8 m for wall mounted) SF = Safety factor with a value of 0.75
 - The higher value shall be taken $A_{\min} = m_c / (SF \times LFL \times h_0)$

** The required minimum room area, shall also be governed by the safety

 $A_{\text{min}} = (m_c / (2.5 \times (LFL)^{(5/4)} \times h_0))^2$ ** not less than safety factor margin



CAUTION

• Must ensure the installation of pipe-work shall be kept to a minimum. Avoid use dented pipe and do not allow acute bending

In cases that require mechanical ventilation, ventilation openings shall be kept clear of obstruction.

When disposal of the product, do follow to the precautions in #11 and comply with national regulations.

In case of field charge, the effect on refrigerant charge caused by the different pipe length has to be quantified, measured and labelled. Always contact to local municipal offices for proper handling.

Ensure the actual refrigerant charge is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed.

Ensure refrigerant charge not to leak.

Wear appropriate properties equipment includies reprinted the part of the purpose.

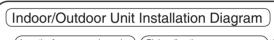
Must ensure that pipe-work shall be protected from physical damage.
Must comply with national gas regulations, state municipal rules and legislation Notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

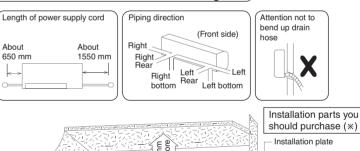
Must ensure mechanical connections be accessible for maintenance purposes.

Wear appropriate protective equipment, including respiratory protection, as conditions warrant.
 Keep all sources of ignition and hot metal surfaces away.

1. General

2-1. Qualification of workers





Bushing-Sleeve (*) Sleeve (%) -Putty (※) (Gum Type Sealer) Bend the pipe as closely on the wall as possible, but be careful that it doesn't break Power supply cord (X)

Vinvl tape (Wide) (X)

test, remove the air filters

and pour water into the heat exchanger.

drainage test.

(Left and right are identical Attaching the remote control holder to the wall

Drainage method (choose either one) Recommend to unplugged drain cap and connect to optional drainage kit to drain out water from base pan, thus preventing water splashing sound.

is required. B. Insert the black L-pipe of accessory bag to rear drainage hole and connect with drainage pipe

with drainage pipe. Please refer to "Drainage installati

Insulation of piping connections

· Carry out insulation after

checking for gas leaks and After securing with three o the vinyl tape (X) wrap with

Vinyl tape (%)

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C8041-4410



To carry out the drainage

2. Maintain the drain cap when maximum perfor I. Use front drainage. Remove the plug and connect

attached on the unit for detailed procedure for No.3 & 4

vinyl tape (%) L-shaped piece Additional drain hose (%)

Vinyl tape (*)

1) Len and right installation rail intust be screw limiting to the platform.
2) For front side, tighten L-shaped piece (2 pieces) to provided holes on unit and installation rail with M5 taptite screws.
3) Important: Indoor unit must be installed at a position higher than outdoor unit so that the drain head difference is at least 30 mm.
4) Ensure that the drain pan is screwed onto the set after piping connection is completed.

